

DAIKIN ROOM AIR CONDITIONER

# INSTALLATION MANUAL

R410A Split Series



Installation manual  
Manuel d'installation  
Manual de instalación

## MODELS

2MXS18NMVJU  
3MXS24RMVJU  
4MXS36RMVJU  
2MXL18QMVJU  
3MXL24RMVJU

# Contents





<b>Safety Considerations</b> .....	1	3. Refrigerant piping .....	8
<b>Accessories</b> .....	3	4. Pressure test and evacuating system.....	9
<b>Precautions for Selecting a Location</b> .....	3	5. Refilling refrigerant .....	10
<b>Precautions on Installation</b> .....	4	6. Charging with refrigerant.....	10
<b>Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram</b> .....	4	7. Refrigerant piping work .....	11
<b>Connections (connection port)</b> .....	5	8. Flaring the pipe end.....	11
<b>How to Use Reducers</b> .....	6	<b>Wiring</b> .....	12
<b>Installation Space Requirements</b> .....	7	<b>Priority Room Setting</b> .....	14
<b>Selecting a Location for Installation of the Indoor Units</b> .....	7	<b>Night Quiet Mode setting</b> .....	15
<b>Outdoor Unit Installation</b> .....	8	<b>COOL/ HEAT mode lock [S15]</b> .....	15
1. Installing the outdoor unit .....	8	<b>Pump Down Operation</b> .....	16
2. Drain work .....	8	<b>Trial Operation and Testing</b> .....	17
		1. Wiring error check .....	17
		2. Trial operation and testing .....	18
		3. Test items .....	18


# Safety Considerations

Read these **Safety Considerations for Installation** carefully before installing an air conditioner or heat pump. After completing the installation, make sure that the unit operates properly during the startup operation.


Instruct the user on how to operate and maintain the unit. Inform users that they should store this installation manual with the operation manual for future reference. Always use a licensed installer or contractor to install this product. Improper installation can result in water or refrigerant leakage, electric shock, fire, or explosion.

Meanings of **DANGER**, **WARNING**, **CAUTION**, and **NOTE** Symbols:

-  **DANGER** ..... Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
-  **WARNING** ..... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
-  **CAUTION** ..... Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.
-  **NOTE** ..... Indicates situations that may result in equipment or property-damage accidents only.

-  **DANGER** .....
  - Refrigerant gas is heavier than air and replaces oxygen. A massive leak can lead to oxygen depletion, especially in basements, and an asphyxiation hazard could occur leading to serious injury or death.
  - Do not ground units to water pipes, gas pipes, telephone wires, or lightning rods as incomplete grounding can cause a severe shock hazard resulting in severe injury or death. Additionally, grounding to gas pipes could cause a gas leak and potential explosion causing severe injury or death.

- If refrigerant gas leaks during installation, ventilate the area immediately. Refrigerant gas may produce toxic gas if it comes into contact with fire. Exposure to this gas could cause severe injury or death.
- After completing the installation work, check that the refrigerant gas does not leak throughout the system.
- Do not install unit in an area where flammable materials are present due to risk of explosions that can cause serious injury or death.
- Safely dispose all packing and transportation materials in accordance with federal/state/local laws or ordinances. Packing materials such as nails and other metal or wood parts, including plastic packing materials used for transportation may cause injuries or death by suffocation.

-  **WARNING** .....
  - Only qualified personnel must carry out the installation work. Installation must be done in accordance with this installation manual. Improper installation may result in water leakage, electric shock, or fire.
  - When installing the unit in a small room, take measures to keep the refrigerant concentration from exceeding allowable safety limits. Excessive refrigerant leaks, in the event of an accident in a closed ambient space, can lead to oxygen deficiency.
  - Use only specified accessories and parts for installation work. Failure to use specified parts may result in water leakage, electric shock, fire, or the unit falling.
  - Install the air conditioner or heat pump on a foundation strong enough that it can withstand the weight of the unit. A foundation of insufficient strength may result in the unit falling and causing injuries.
  - Take into account strong winds, typhoons, or earthquakes when installing. Improper installation may result in the unit falling and causing accidents.

- Make sure that a separate power supply circuit is provided for this unit and that all electrical work is carried out by qualified personnel according to local, state, and national regulations. An insufficient power supply capacity or improper electrical construction may lead to electric shock or fire.
- Make sure that all wiring is secured, that specified wires are used, and that no external forces act on the terminal connections or wires. Improper connections or installation may result in fire.
- When wiring, position the wires so that the electrical wiring box cover can be securely fastened. Improper positioning of the electrical wiring box cover may result in electric shock, fire, or the terminals overheating.
- Before touching electrical parts, turn off the unit.
- The circuit must be protected with safety devices in accordance with local and national codes, i.e. a circuit breaker.
- Securely fasten the outdoor unit terminal cover (panel). If the terminal cover/panel is not installed properly, dust or water may enter the outdoor unit causing fire or electric shock.
- When installing or relocating the system, keep the refrigerant circuit free from substances other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) such as air. Any presence of air or other foreign substance in the refrigerant circuit can cause an abnormal pressure rise or rupture, resulting in injury.
- Do not change the setting of the protection devices. If the pressure switch, thermal switch, or other protection device is shorted and operated forcibly, or parts other than those specified by Daikin are used, fire or explosion may occur.

### CAUTION

- Do not touch the switch with wet fingers. Touching a switch with wet fingers can cause electric shock.
- Do not allow children to play on or around the unit to prevent injury.
- The heat exchanger fins are sharp enough to cut. To avoid injury wear gloves or cover the fins while working around them.
- Do not touch the refrigerant pipes during and immediately after operation as the refrigerant pipes may be hot or cold, depending on the condition of the refrigerant flowing through the refrigerant piping, compressor, and other refrigerant cycle parts. Your hands may suffer burns or frostbite if you touch the refrigerant pipes. To avoid injury, give the pipes time to return to normal temperature or, if you must touch them, be sure to wear proper gloves.
- Install drain piping to proper drainage. Improper drain piping may result in water leakage and property damage.
- Insulate piping to prevent condensation.
- Be careful when transporting the product.
- Do not turn off the power immediately after stopping operation. Always wait for at least 5 minutes before turning off the power. Otherwise, water leakage may occur.
- Do not use a charging cylinder. Using a charging cylinder may cause the refrigerant to deteriorate.
- Refrigerant R410A in the system must be kept clean, dry, and tight.

(a) Clean and Dry -- Foreign materials (including mineral oils such as SUNISO oil or moisture) should be prevented from getting into the system.

(b) Tight -- R410A does not contain any chlorine, does not destroy the ozone layer, and does not reduce the earth's protection against harmful ultraviolet radiation. R410A can contribute to the greenhouse effect if it is released. Therefore take proper measures to check for the tightness of the refrigerant piping installation. Read the chapter *Refrigerant Piping Work* and follow the procedures.

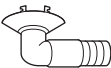


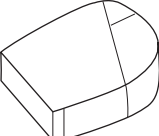
- Since R410A is a blend, the required additional refrigerant must be charged in its liquid state. If the refrigerant is charged in a state of gas, its composition can change and the system will not work properly.
- The indoor unit is for R410A. See the catalog for indoor models that can be connected. Normal operation is not possible when connected to other units.
- Remote controller (wireless kit) transmitting distance can be shorter than expected in rooms with electronic fluorescent lamps (inverter or rapid start types). Install the indoor unit far away from fluorescent lamps as much as possible.
- Indoor units are for indoor installation only. Outdoor units can be installed either outdoors or indoors. This unit is for indoor use.
- Do not install the air conditioner or heat pump in the following locations:
  - (a) Where a mineral oil mist or oil spray or vapor is produced, for example, in a kitchen. Plastic parts may deteriorate and fall off or result in water leakage.
  - (b) Where corrosive gas, such as sulfurous acid gas, is produced. Corroding copper pipes or soldered parts may result in refrigerant leakage.
  - (c) Near machinery emitting electromagnetic waves. Electromagnetic waves may disturb the operation of the control system and cause the unit to malfunction.
  - (d) Where flammable gas may leak, where there is carbon fiber, or ignitable dust suspension in the air, or where volatile flammables such as thinner or gasoline are handled. Operating the unit in such conditions can cause a fire.
- Take adequate measures to prevent the outdoor unit from being used as a shelter by small animals. Small animals making contact with electrical parts can cause malfunctions, smoke, or fire. Instruct the user to keep the area around the unit clean.

### NOTE

- The outdoor unit should be positioned where the unit and power supply wires (breaker panel to outdoor unit) are at least 10ft (3m) away from any televisions or radios. (The unit may cause interference with the picture or sound.) Depending on the radio waves, a distance of 10ft (3m) may not be sufficient to eliminate the noise.
- Dismantling the unit, treatment of the refrigerant, oil and additional parts must be done in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.
- Do not use the following tools that are used with conventional refrigerants: gauge manifold, charge hose, gas leak detector, reverse flow check valve, refrigerant charge base, vacuum gauge, or refrigerant recovery equipment.
- If the conventional refrigerant and refrigerant oil are mixed in R410A, the refrigerant may deteriorate.
- This air conditioner or heat pump is an appliance that should not be accessible to the general public.
- As design pressure is 604 psi, the wall thickness of field-installed pipes should be selected in accordance with the relevant local, state, and national regulations.

RN002-U

# Accessories

<b>Ⓐ</b> Installation manual	1	<b>Ⓑ</b> Drain socket  This is at the bottom of the packaging.	1	<b>Ⓒ</b> Drain cap (1) 	6
<b>Ⓓ</b> Drain cap (2) 	3	<b>Ⓔ</b> Reducer assy 	1	<b>Ⓕ</b> Warranty	1

## Precautions for Selecting a Location

- 1) Choose a place solid enough to bear the weight and vibration of the unit, where the operating sound will not be amplified.
- 2) Choose a location where the hot air discharged from the unit or the operating sound will not cause a nuisance to the neighbors of the user.
- 3) Avoid locations, such as near bedrooms, where the operating sound may cause disturbance.
- 4) There must be sufficient space to carry the unit into and out of the site.
- 5) There must be sufficient space for air passage and no obstructions around the air inlet and the air outlet.
- 6) The site must not be prone to flammable gas leaks in the surrounding area.
- 7) In coastal areas or other places with salty atmosphere or one containing sulphate gas, corrosion may shorten the life of the air conditioner.
- 8) Since water will flow from the drain of the outdoor unit, do not place under the unit anything which must be kept away from moisture.

### NOTE

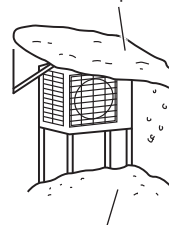
Cannot be installed suspended from a ceiling or stacked.

### ⚠ CAUTION

When operating the air conditioner in a low outdoor ambient temperature, be sure to follow the instructions described below.

- To prevent exposure to wind, install the outdoor unit with its suction side facing the wall.
- Never install the outdoor unit at a site where the suction side may be exposed directly to wind.
- To prevent exposure to wind, it is recommended to install a baffle plate on the air discharge side of the outdoor unit.
- In heavy snow areas, select an installation site where the snow will not affect the unit.
- If there is a likelihood of snow accumulating on the outdoor unit, attach a snow protection hood.
- In high humidity areas or heavy snow areas, it is recommended to attach a drain pan heater to prevent ice build-up from the bottom frame.

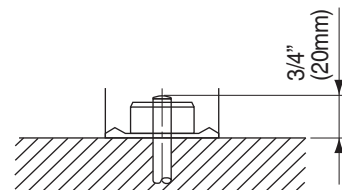
- Construct a large canopy.
- Construct a pedestal.



Install the unit high enough off the ground to prevent burying in snow.

# Precautions on Installation

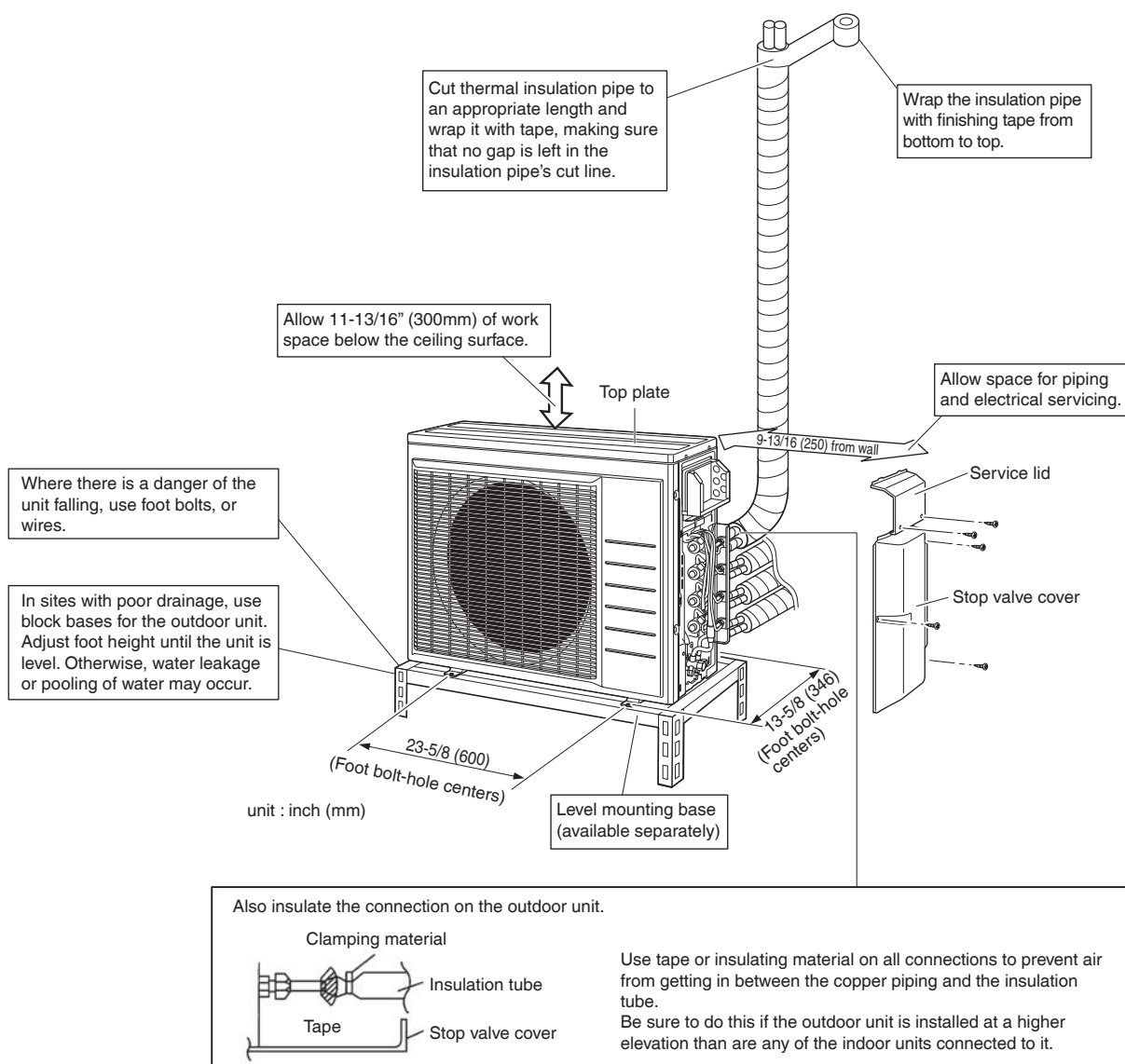
- Check the strength and level of the installation surface so that the unit does not cause any operating vibrations or noise after installation.
- Fix the unit in place securely using foundation bolts, as in the figure. (Prepare 4 sets of 5/16 inch (M8) or 3/8 inch (M10) foundation bolts, nuts and washers; all separately available.)
- It is best to screw in the foundation bolts until their ends are 3/4 inch (20mm) from the foundation surface.



## Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram

### ⚠ CAUTION

- Do not connect the embedded branch piping and the outdoor unit when only carrying out piping work without connecting the indoor unit in order to add another indoor unit later.  
Make sure no dirt or moisture gets into either side of the embedded branch piping.  
Refer to “7. Refrigerant piping work” on page 11 for details.
- It is not possible to have only 1 indoor unit connected. **Be sure to connect at least 2 indoor units.**



# Connections (connection port)

Install the indoor unit according to the table below, which shows the relationship between the class of indoor unit and the corresponding port.

The total indoor unit class that can be connected to this unit:

2MXS18\*, 2MXL18\* – Up to 24000 Btu

3MXS24\*, 3MXL24\* – Up to 39000 Btu

4MXS36\* – Up to 48000 Btu

The line set piping size is determined by the size of the indoor unit fittings.

Reducers are used at the outdoor unit to accommodate the correct gas line pipe size.

Port	2MXS18*, 2MXL18*	3MXS24*, 3MXL24*	4MXS36*
A	07, 09, 12	07, 09, 12	07, 09, 12
B	# 07, 09, 12, 15	# 07, 09, 12, 15, 18	# 07, 09, 12, 15, 18
C	————	# 07, 09, 12, 15, 18	# 07, 09, 12, 15, 18
D	————	————	△ 07, 09, 12, 15, 18, 24

○ : Use a reducer to connect pipes.

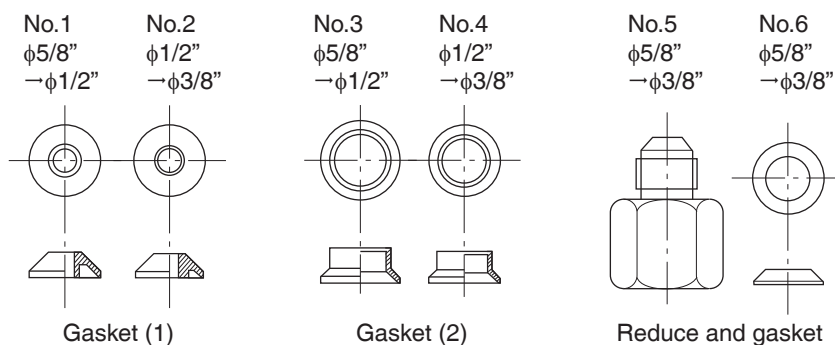
# : Use No. 2 and 4 reducers

△ : Use No. 5 and 6 reducers

□ : Use No. 1 and 3 reducers

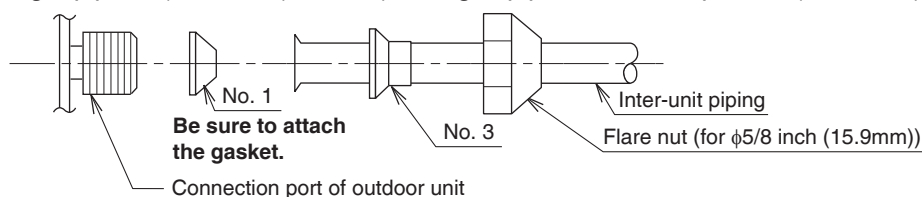
Refer to “How to Use Reducers” on page 6 for information on reducer numbers and their shapes.

# How to Use Reducers

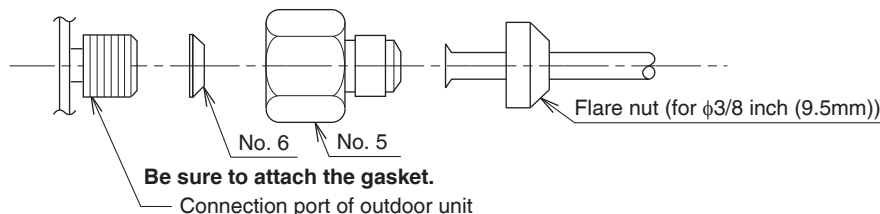


- Use the reducers supplied with the unit as described below.

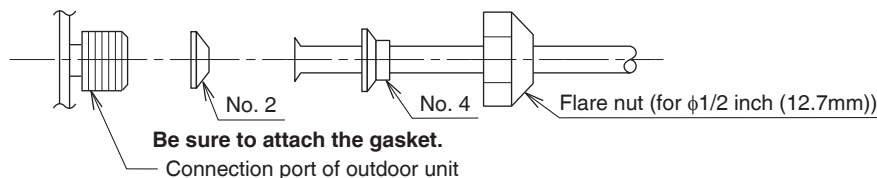
(1) Connecting a pipe of  $\phi 1/2$  inch (12.7mm) to a gas pipe connection port for  $\phi 5/8$  inch (15.9mm) :



(2) Connecting a pipe of  $\phi 3/8$  inch (9.5mm) to a gas pipe connection port for  $\phi 5/8$  inch (15.9mm) :



(3) Connecting a pipe of  $\phi 3/8$  inch (9.5mm) to a gas pipe connection port for  $\phi 1/2$  inch (12.7mm) :



- When using the reducer packing shown above, be careful not to overtighten the nut, or the smaller pipe may become damaged. (Apply about 2/3 to 3/3 the normal torque.)
- Apply a coat of refrigeration oil to the threaded connection port of the outdoor unit where the flare nut comes in.
- Use an appropriate wrench to avoid damaging the connection thread by overtightening the flare nut.

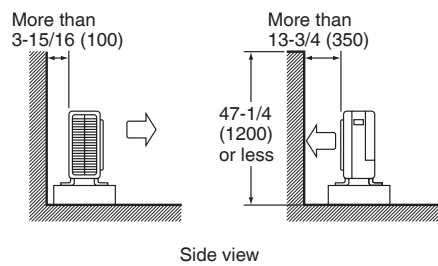
Flare nut tightening torque	
$\phi 3/8$ inch (9.5mm)	24-1/8 – 29-1/2ft • lbf (32.7-39.9N • m)
$\phi 1/2$ inch (12.7mm)	36-1/2 – 44-1/2ft • lbf (49.5-60.3N • m)
$\phi 5/8$ inch (15.9mm)	45-5/8 – 55-5/8ft • lbf (61.8-75.4N • m)



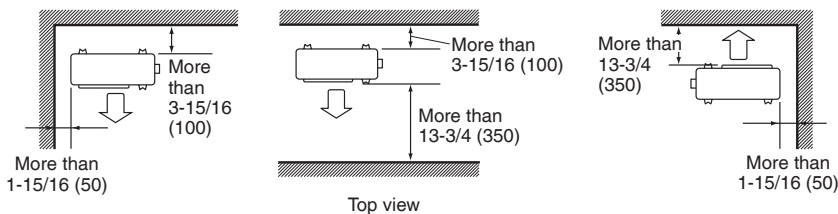
# Installation Space Requirements

- Position the unit on a horizontal surface. Any tilt in the unit should be 3° or less to the horizontal.
- Where a wall or other obstacle is in the path of outdoor unit's intake or exhaust airflow, follow the installation space requirements below.
- For any of the below installation patterns, the wall height on the outlet side should be 47-1/4 inch (1200mm) or less.

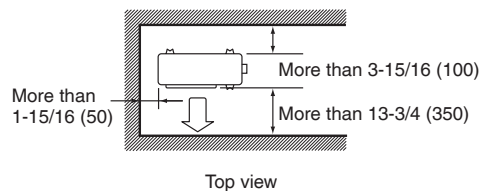
Wall facing one side



Walls facing two sides



Walls facing three sides

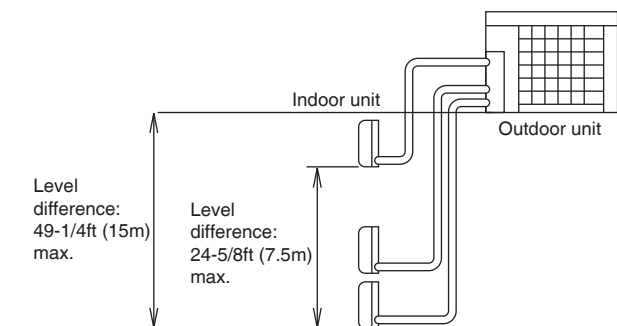


unit: inch (mm)

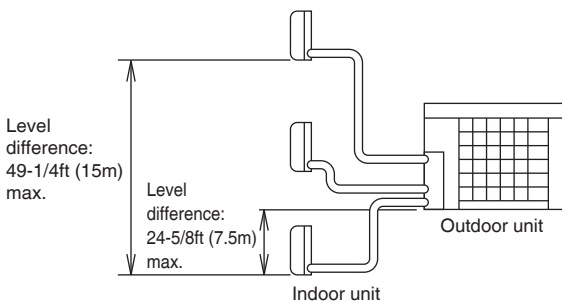
## Selecting a Location for Installation of the Indoor Units

- The maximum allowable length of refrigerant piping, and the maximum allowable height difference between the outdoor and indoor units, are listed below. (The shorter the refrigerant piping, the better the performance. Connect so that the piping is as short as possible. **Shortest allowable length per room is 10ft (3m).**)

Outdoor unit capacity class	2MXS18*, 2MXL18*	3MXS24*, 4MXS36*, 3MXL24*
Piping to each indoor unit	82ft (25m) max.	
Total length of piping between all units	164ft (50m) max.	230ft (70m) max.



If the outdoor unit is positioned higher than the indoor units.



If the outdoor unit is positioned lower than one or more indoor units.



# Outdoor Unit Installation

## 1. Installing the outdoor unit

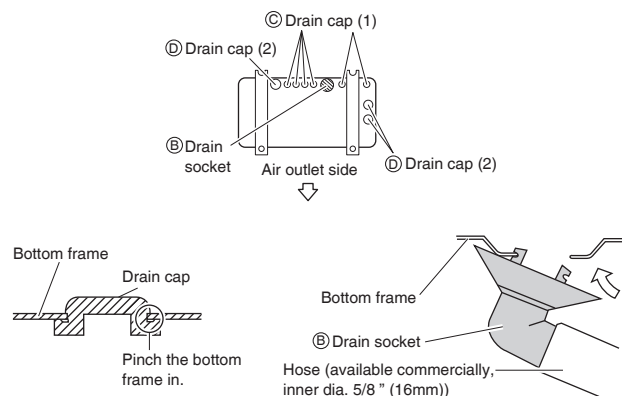
- When installing the outdoor unit, refer to “**Precautions for Selecting a Location**” on page 3 and the “**Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram**” on page 4.
- If drain work is necessary, follow the procedures below.

## 2. Drain work

### CAUTION

In cold areas, do not use a drain socket, drain caps (1,2) and a drain hose with the outdoor unit. (Drain water may freeze, impairing heating performance.)

- If the drain port is covered by a mounting base or floor surface, place additional foot bases of at least 1-1/4 inch (30mm) in height under the outdoor unit's feet.
- Attach ③ Drain cap (1) and ④ Drain cap (2).
  - Attach ⑤ Drain socket.
- When attaching ⑤ drain socket to the bottom frame, make sure to connect the drain hose to the drain socket first.

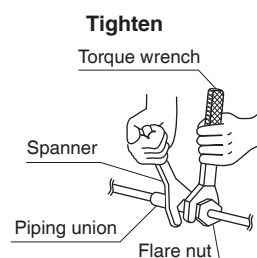
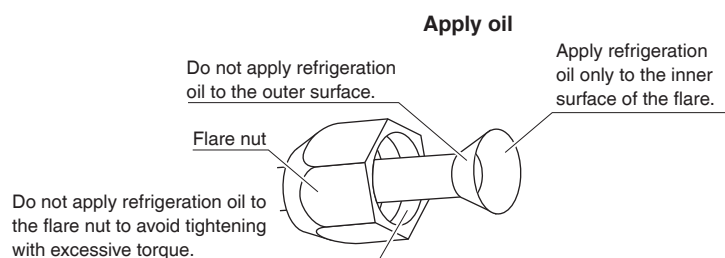


## 3. Refrigerant piping

### CAUTION

- Use the flare nut fixed to the main unit. (This is to prevent the flare nut from cracking as a result of deterioration over time.)
- To prevent gas leakage, apply refrigeration oil only to the inner surface of the flare. (Use refrigeration oil for R410A.)
- Use a torque wrench when tightening the flare nuts to prevent damage to the flare nuts and gas leakage.

- Align the centers of both flares and tighten the flare nuts 3 or 4 turns by hand, then tighten them fully with a spanner and a torque wrench.



Flare nut tightening torque	
φ1/4 inch (6.4mm)	10-1/2 – 12-3/4ft • lbf (14.2-17.2N • m)
φ3/8 inch (9.5mm)	24-1/8 – 29-1/2ft • lbf (32.7-39.9N • m)
φ1/2 inch (12.7mm)	36-1/2 – 44-1/2ft • lbf (49.5-60.3N • m)
φ5/8 inch (15.9mm)	45-5/8 – 55-5/8ft • lbf (61.8-75.4N • m)

Width across flats	11/16 inch (17mm)	3/4 inch (19mm)	7/8 inch (22mm)	1-1/16 inch (27mm)
Valve cap tightening torque	10-1/2 – 12-5/8ft • lbf (14.2-17.2N • m)	12-5/8 – 15-3/8ft • lbf (17.1-20.9N • m)	16 – 20-1/4ft • lbf (21.6-27.4N • m)	35-3/8 – 44-1/8ft • lbf (48-59.8N • m)

Service port cap tightening torque	8 – 10-7/8ft • lbf (10.8-14.7N • m)
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# Outdoor Unit Installation

## 4. Pressure test and evacuating system

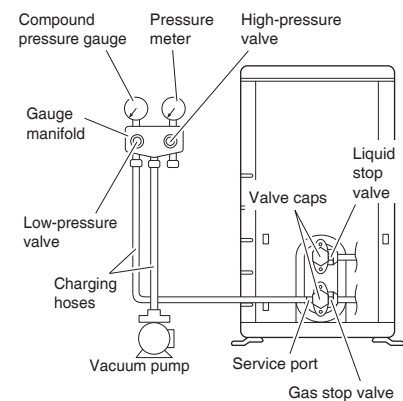
### ⚠ WARNING

- Make sure that air or any matter other than refrigerant (R410A) does not get into the refrigeration cycle.
- If refrigerant gas leaks should occur, ventilate the room as soon and as much as possible.
- R410A, as well as other refrigerants, should always be recovered and never be released directly into the environment.
- Use a vacuum pump for R410A exclusively. Using the same vacuum pump for different refrigerants may damage the vacuum pump or the unit.

### ⚠ CAUTION

It is highly recommended that you do not open/close the stop valves when the outdoor temperature is below  $-5^{\circ}\text{F}$  ( $-21^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) as this may result in refrigerant leakage.

- When piping work is complete, it is necessary to perform a pressure test and evacuate system with a vacuum pump.
- If using additional refrigerant, purge the air from the refrigerant pipes and indoor unit using a vacuum pump, then charge additional refrigerant.
- Use a hexagonal wrench (3/16 inch (4mm)) to operate the stop valve rod.
- All refrigerant pipe joints should be tightened with a torque wrench to the specified tightening torque.



- 1) Pressurize the liquid pipe and gas pipe from the service ports of each stop valve to 550psi (3.8MPa) (do not pressurize more than 550psi (3.8MPa)) for 1 hour minimum, 24 hours recommended. If there is a pressure drop, check for leaks, make repairs and perform the pressure test again.
- 2) Connect the gauge manifold's charging hose to the gas stop valve's service port.
- 3) Fully open the gauge manifold's low-pressure valve (Lo) and completely close its high-pressure valve (Hi). (High-pressure valve will require no further operation.)
- 4) Evacuate system using vacuum pump to below 500 microns for 1 hour minimum.
- 5) Close the gauge manifold's low-pressure valve (Lo) and stop vacuum pump. (Maintain this condition for 4-5 minutes to make sure that the compound pressure gauge pointer does not swing back.)\*<sup>1</sup>
- 6) Remove the valve caps from the liquid stop valve and gas stop valve.
- 7) Turn the liquid stop valve's rod 90° counter-clockwise with a hexagonal wrench to open the valve. Close it after 5 seconds, and check for gas leakage. Using soapy water, check for gas leakage from the indoor unit's flare and outdoor unit's flare and valve rods. After the check is complete, wipe all soapy water off.
- 8) Disconnect the charging hose from the gas stop valve's service port, then fully open the liquid and gas stop valves. (Do not attempt to turn the valve rod further than it can go.)
- 9) Tighten the valve caps and service port caps for the liquid and gas stop valves with a torque wrench to the specified torques. Refer to "3. Refrigerant piping" on page 8 for details.

\*<sup>1</sup> If the compound pressure gauge pointer swings back, the refrigerant may have water content or there may be a loose pipe joint. Check all pipe joints and retighten nuts as needed, then repeat steps 3) through 5).

## 5. Refilling refrigerant

Check the type of refrigerant to be used on the machine nameplate.

### Precautions when adding R410A

#### Fill from the liquid pipe in liquid form.

R410A is a mixed refrigerant, so adding it in gas form may cause the refrigerant composition to change, preventing normal operation.

- 1) Before filling, check whether the cylinder has a siphon attached or not. (It should have something like "liquid filling siphon attached" displayed on it.)

Filling a cylinder with an attached siphon



Stand the cylinder upright when filling.

(There is a siphon pipe inside, so the cylinder need not be upside-down to fill with liquid.)

Filling other cylinders



Turn the cylinder upside-down when filling.

- Be sure to use the R410A tools to ensure pressure and to prevent foreign objects entering.

## 6. Charging with refrigerant

- If the total length of piping for all rooms exceeds the figure listed below, additionally charge with 0.21oz/ft (20g/m) of refrigerant (R410A) for each additional piping length.

Outdoor unit capacity class	2MXS18*, 2MXL18*	3MXS24*, 4MXS36*, 3MXL24*
Total length of piping for all rooms	98-3/8ft (30m)	131-1/4ft (40m)

- If additional refrigerant has been charged list the amount added on the nameplate on the reverse side of the service lid.

### CAUTION

Even though the stop valve is fully closed, the refrigerant may slowly leak out; do not leave the flare nut removed for a long period of time.

# Outdoor Unit Installation

## 7. Refrigerant piping work

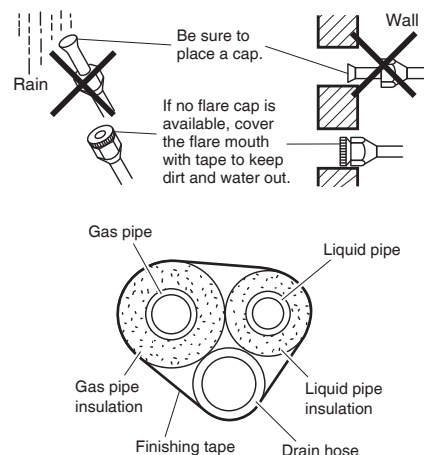
### 7-1. Cautions on pipe handling

- Protect the open end of the pipe from dust and moisture.
- All pipe bends should be as gentle as possible. Use a pipe bender for bending.

### 7-2. Selection of copper and heat insulation materials

When using commercial copper pipes and fittings, observe the following:

- Insulation material: Polyethylene foam  
Heat transfer rate: 0.041 to 0.052W/mK (0.024 to 0.030Btu/ft<sup>2</sup>°F (0.035 to 0.045kcal/mh°C))  
Be sure to use insulation that is designed for use with HVAC Systems.
- Be sure to insulate both the gas and liquid piping and observe the insulation dimensions as below.

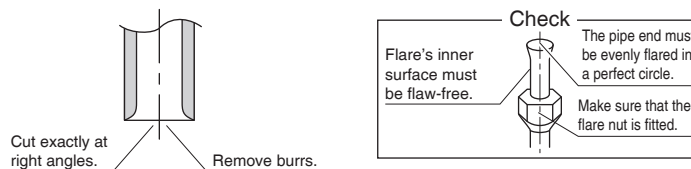


	Piping size	Minimum bend radius	Piping thickness	Thermal insulation size	Thermal insulation thickness
Gas side	O.D. 3/8 inch (9.5mm)	1-3/16 inch (30mm) or more	0.031 inch (0.8mm) (C1220T-O)	I.D. 15/32-19/32 inch (12-15mm)	13/32 inch (10mm) Min.
	O.D. 1/2 inch (12.7mm)	1-9/16 inch (40mm) or more		I.D. 9/16-5/8 inch (14-16mm)	
	O.D. 5/8 inch (15.9mm)	1-15/16 inch (50mm) or more	0.039 inch (1.0mm) (C1220T-O)	I.D. 5/8-13/16 inch (16-20mm)	
Liquid side	O.D. 1/4 inch (6.4mm)	1-3/16 inch (30mm) or more	0.031 inch (0.8mm) (C1220T-O)	I.D. 5/16-13/32 inch (8-10mm)	

- Use separate thermal insulation pipes for gas and liquid refrigerant pipes.

## 8. Flaring the pipe end

- 1) Cut the pipe end with a pipe cutter.
- 2) Remove burrs with the cut surface facing downward so that the chips do not enter the pipe.
- 3) Put the flare nut on the pipe.
- 4) Flare the pipe.
- 5) Check that the flaring is properly made.



Flaring			
Set exactly at the position shown below.			
A	Flare tool for R410A	Conventional flare tool	
	Clutch-type	Clutch-type (Rigid-type)	Wing-nut type (Imperial-type)
	0-0.020 inch (0-0.5mm)	0.039-0.059 inch (1.0-1.5mm)	0.059-0.079 inch (1.5-2.0mm)

### ⚠ WARNING

- Do not use mineral oil on flared part.
- Prevent mineral oil from getting into the system as this would reduce the service life of the units.
- Never use piping which has been used for previous installations. Only use parts which are delivered with the unit.
- Never install a dryer to this R410A unit in order to guarantee its service life.
- The drying material may dissolve and damage the system.
- Incomplete flaring may cause refrigerant gas leakage.

# Wiring

## ⚠ WARNING

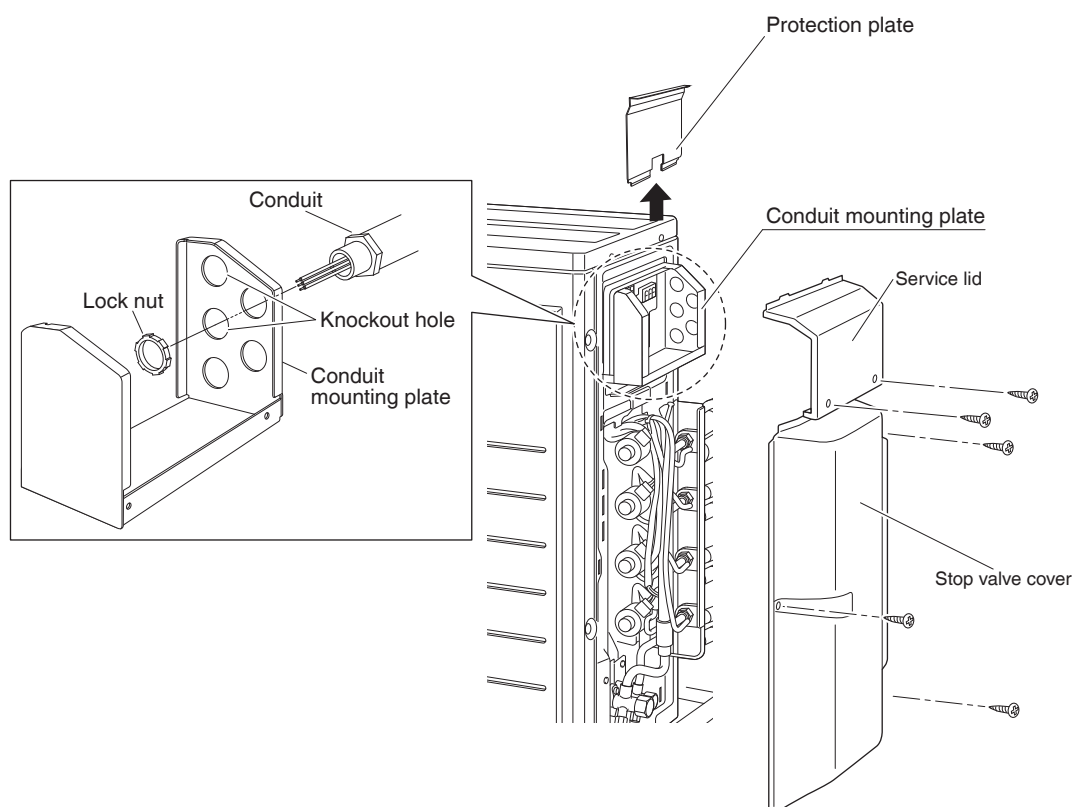
- Do not use tapped wires, extension cords, or starburst connections, as they may cause overheating, electric shock, or fire.
- Do not use locally purchased electrical parts inside the product. (Do not branch the power for the drain pump, etc., from the terminal block.) Doing so may cause electric shock or fire.
- The circuit must be protected with safety devices in accordance with local and national codes, i.e. a circuit breaker.
- Use an all-pole disconnection type circuit breaker with at least 1/8 inch (3mm) between the contact point gaps.
- When carrying out wiring, take care not to pull at the conduit.
- Do not connect the power wire to the indoor unit. Doing so may cause electric shock or fire.

- Do not turn on the circuit breaker until all work is completed.

### [Method of Mounting Conduit]

- When connecting indoor units for 3 rooms or more, open knockout holes without deforming the conduit mounting plate.

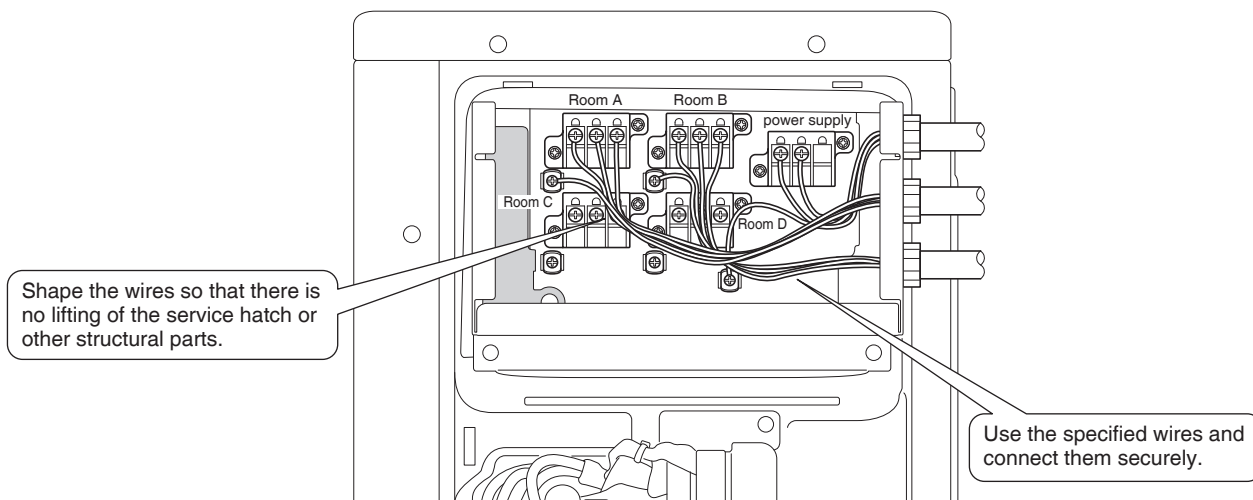
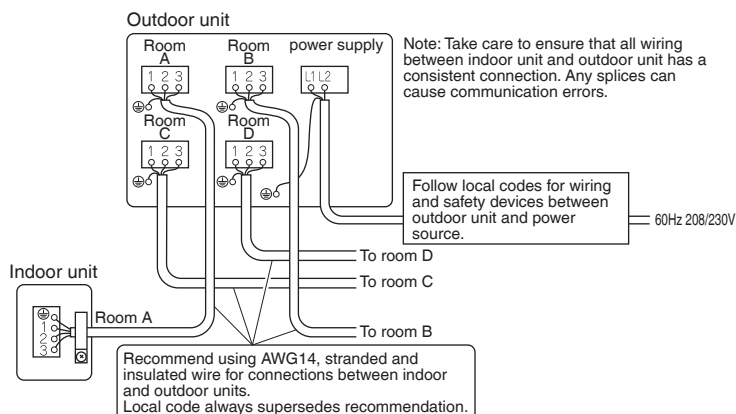
- 1) Dismount the service lid by removing the 2 screws.
- 2) Slide the protection plate up and remove it.
- 3) Pass wires through the conduit and secure them with a lock nut.



# Wiring

[Wiring procedure]

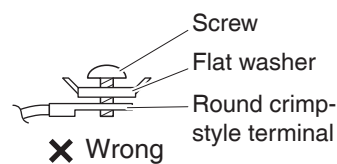
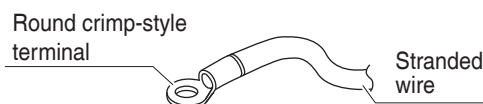
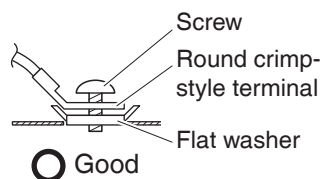
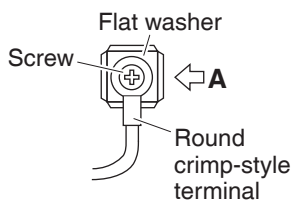
- 1) Strip the insulation from the wire (3/4inch (20mm)).
- 2) Connect the inter-unit wires between the indoor and outdoor units **so that the terminal numbers match**. Tighten the terminal screws securely. It is recommended that a slot-head screwdriver be used to tighten the screws.
- 3) **Be sure to match the symbols for wiring and piping.**
- 4) Pull the wire lightly to make sure that it does not disconnect.
- 5) Pass the wiring through the cutout on the bottom of the protection plate and attach the protection plate.
- 6) After completing the work, reattach the service lid to its original position.



## CAUTION

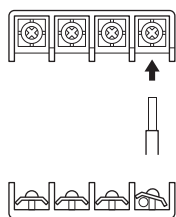
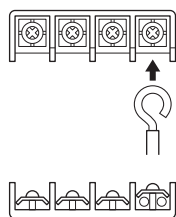
### Precautions to be taken for power supply wiring

- When using stranded wires, make sure to use the round crimp-style terminal for connection to the power supply terminal block.

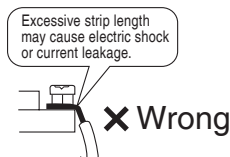


Arrow view A

- When connecting the inter-unit wires to the terminal block using a single core wire, be sure to curl the end of the lead. Improper work may cause heat and fires.



Stripping wire at terminal block



## Ground

This air conditioner must be grounded. For grounding, follow all local, and state electrical codes.

# Priority Room Setting

- To use priority room setting, initial settings must be made when the unit is installed. Explain the priority room setting, as described below, to the user, and confirm whether or not the user wants to use priority room setting. Setting it in the guest and living rooms is convenient.

## About the priority room setting function

The indoor unit for which priority room setting is applied takes priority in the following cases.

### 1) Operation mode priority

The operation mode of the indoor unit which is set for priority room setting takes priority. If the set indoor unit is operating, all other indoor units do not operate and enter standby mode, according to the operation mode of the set indoor unit.

### 2) Priority during powerful operation

If the indoor unit which is set for priority room setting is operating at powerful, the capabilities of other indoor units will be somewhat reduced. Power supply gives priority to the indoor unit which is set for priority room setting.

### 3) Quiet operation priority

Setting the indoor unit to quiet operation will make the outdoor unit run quietly.

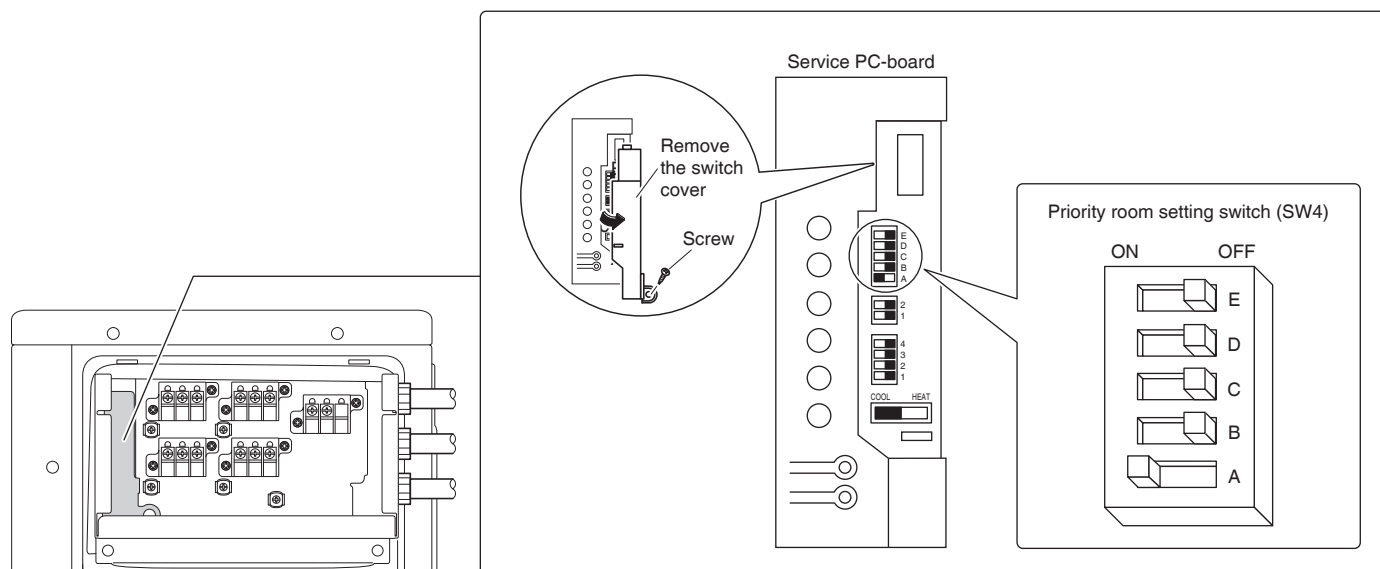
## Setting procedure

Slide the priority room setting switch (SW4) to the on side for the switch that corresponds to the piping connected to the indoor unit to be set.

(In the figure below, it is room A.)

Once the settings are complete, switch the power on.

**Be sure to set only one room**





# Night Quiet Mode setting

- If night quiet mode is to be used, initial settings must be made when the unit is installed. Explain night quiet mode, as described below, to the user, and confirm whether or not the user wants to use night quiet mode.

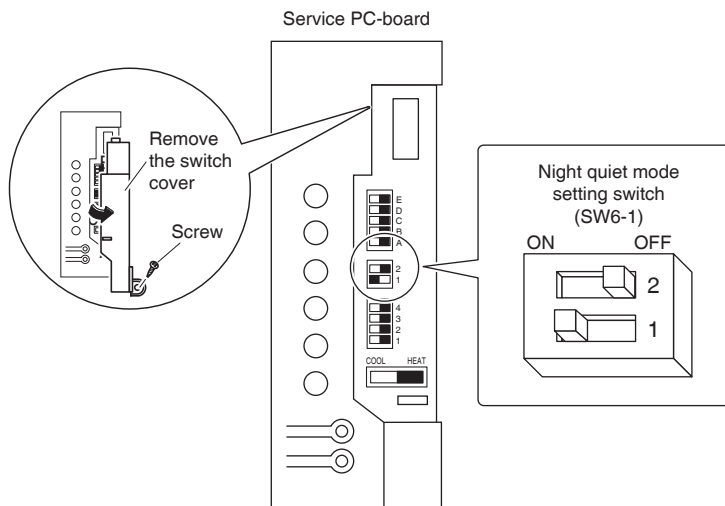
## About night quiet mode

The night quiet mode function reduces operating noise of the outdoor unit at nighttime. This function is useful if the user is worried about the effects of the operating noise on the neighbors.

However, if night quiet mode is running, cooling capacity will be saved.

## Setting procedure

Turn the night quiet mode switch (SW6-1) to on.



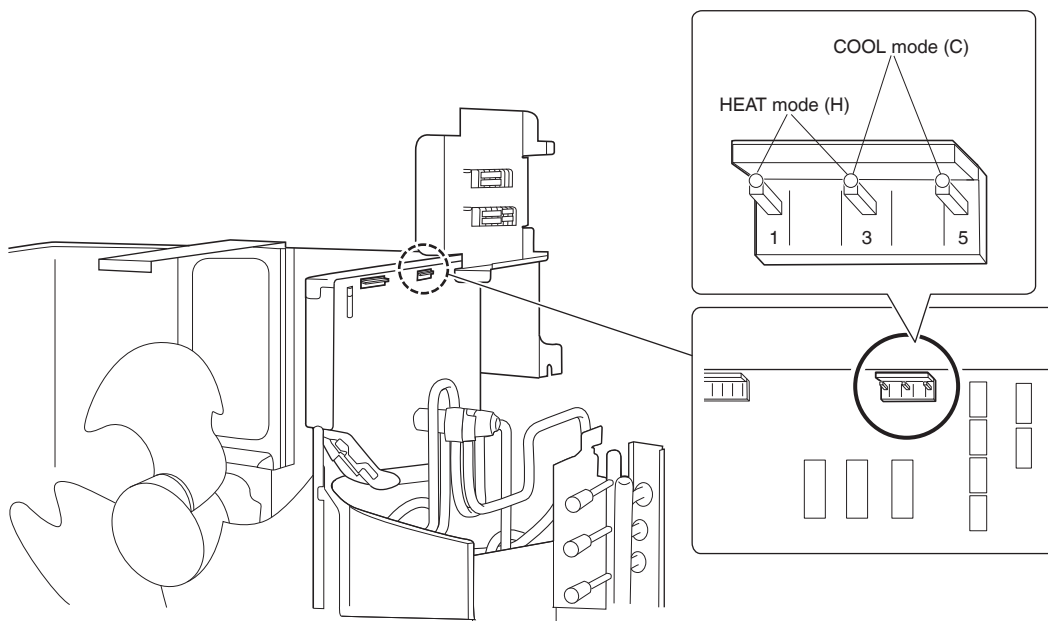
# COOL/ HEAT mode lock [S15]

- Use the S15 connector to set the unit to only cool or heat.  
Setting to only heat (H) : short-circuit pins 1 and 3 of the connector [S15]  
Setting to only cool (C) : short-circuit pins 3 and 5 of the connector [S15]  
The following specifications apply to the connector housing and pins.

JST products Housing: VHR-5N

Pin: SVH-21T-1,1

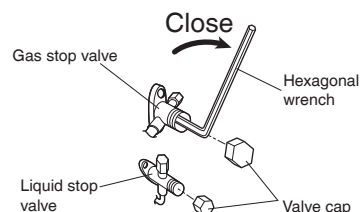
Note that forced operation is also possible in COOL/HEAT mode.



# Pump Down Operation

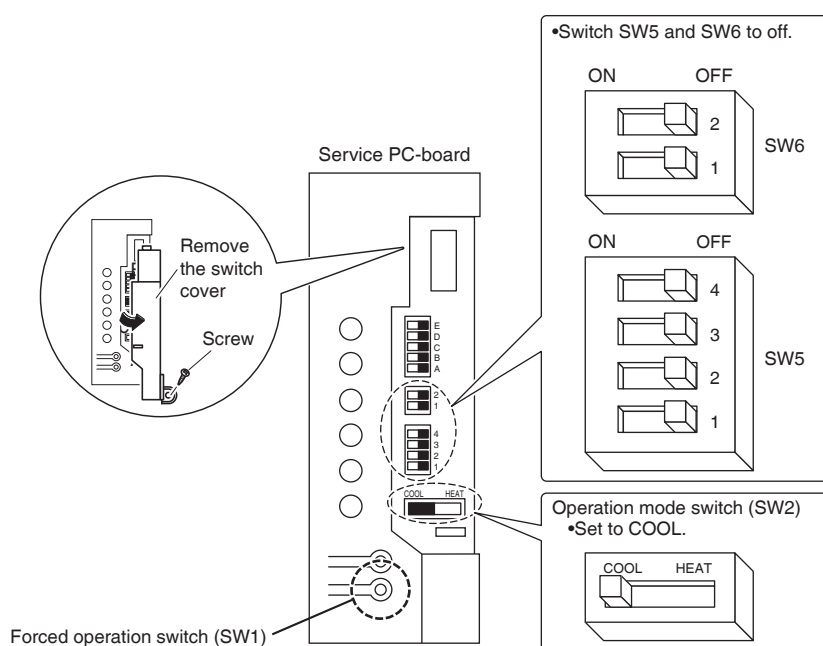
**In order to protect the environment, be sure to pump down when relocating or disposing of the unit.**

- 1) Remove the valve cap from liquid stop valve and gas stop valve.
- 2) Carry out forced cooling operation.
- 3) After 5 to 10 minutes, close the liquid stop valve with a hexagonal wrench.
- 4) After 2 to 3 minutes, close the gas stop valve and stop forced cooling operation.
- 5) Attach the valve cap once procedures are complete.



## Forced cooling operation

- 1) Turn off the power.
- 2) Remove the service lid (2 screws).
- 3) Remove the service PC-board switch cover (1 screw).
- 4) Switch SW5 and SW6 to off.
- 5) Turn the operation mode switch (SW2) to COOL.
- 6) Screw the service PC-board switch cover back on (1 screw).
- 7) Turn on the power.
- 8) Push the forced operation switch (SW1) above the service PC-board cover. (The operation will start.)
  - Forced cooling operation will stop automatically after about 10 minutes.
  - To stop the operation, push the forced operation switch (SW1).



## ⚠ WARNING

Do not remove the switch cover unless the power has been turned off. (Risk of electric shock)

# Trial Operation and Testing

- Before starting the trial operation, measure the voltage at the primary side of the circuit breaker.
- Check that all liquid and gas stop valves are fully open.
- Check that piping and wiring all match. The wiring error check can be conveniently used for underground wiring and other wiring that cannot be directly checked. However, if the outside air temperature is **41°F (5°C) or less**, the wiring error check function will not operate.

## 1. Wiring error check

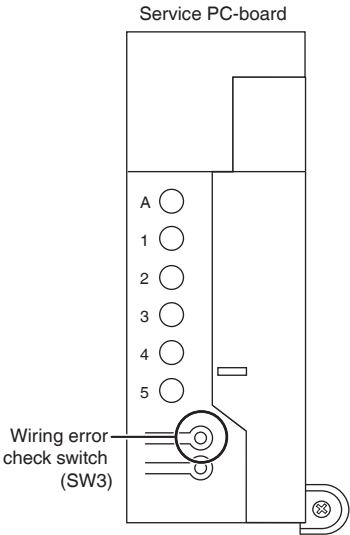
This product is capable of automatic correction of wiring errors.

Press the wiring error check switch on the outdoor unit service PC-board for about 3 seconds. However, the wiring error check switch will not function for 3 minutes after the safety breaker is turned on. About 15-20 minutes after the switch is pressed, the errors in the connection wiring will be corrected.

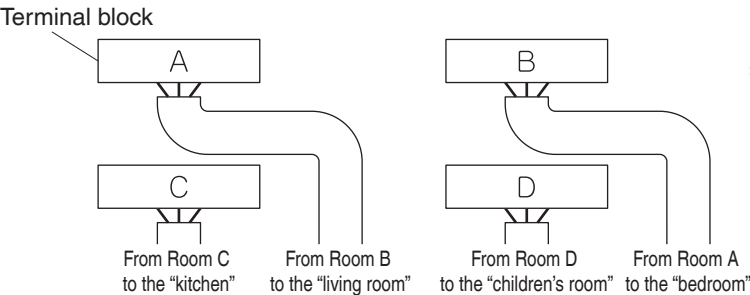
The service monitor LEDs indicate whether or not correction is possible, as shown in the table below. For details on how to read the LED display, refer to the collective indications label on the reverse side of the top plate or the service manual.

If self-correction is not possible, check the indoor unit wiring and piping in the usual manner.

LED	1	2	3	4	Message
Status	All Flashing				Automatic correction impossible
	Flashing One after another				Automatic correction completed
	☀ (One or more of LEDs 1 to 4 are ON)				Abnormal stop [Note. 3]



### Wiring correct example



\* The figure at left shows branch wiring.

LED lighting sequence after a wiring correction.

Order of LED flashing: 2 → 1 → 3 → 4

### NOTE

- 1) For two rooms, LED 3,4 and 5 are not displayed, and for three rooms, LED 4 and 5 is not displayed, and for four rooms, LED 5 is not displayed.
- 2) After wiring error check operation is completed, LED indication will continue until ordinary operation starts. This is normal.
- 3) Follow the product diagnosis procedures. (Details of product error diagnosis are listed on the reverse side of the top plate.)

## 2. Trial operation and testing

- During the trial operation, first check the operation of each unit individually. After this, check the simultaneous operation of all indoor units. Check both COOL and HEAT operations.

**2-1. Measure the supply voltage and make sure that it is within the specified range.**

**2-2. In COOL operation, select the lowest programmable temperature;  
in HEAT operation, select the highest programmable temperature.**

**2-3. Carry out the trial operation following the instructions in the operation manual to ensure that all functions and parts, such as the movement of the flap, are working properly.**

- To protect the air conditioner, restart operation is disabled for 3 minutes after the system has been turned off.
- When trial operation is conducted in HEAT operation directly after the circuit breaker is turned on, in some cases no air will be output for about 3 to 20 minutes in order to protect the air conditioner.
- During COOL operation, frost may form on the gas stop valve or other parts. This is normal.

**2-4. After running the unit for about 20 minutes, measure the temperatures at the indoor unit inlet and outlet.**

- If the measurements are above the values shown in the table below, then they are normal.

	COOL operation	HEAT operation
Temperature difference between inlet and outlet	About 14°F (8°C)	About 36°F (20°C)

(When running in one room)

**2-5. After trial operation is complete, set the temperature to a normal level (78°F to 82°F (26°C to 28°C) in COOL operation, 68°F to 75°F (20°C to 24°C) in HEAT operation).**

- When operating the air conditioner in COOL operation in winter, or HEAT operation in summer, activate trial operation mode by following the instructions in the installation manual for the indoor unit.
- The air conditioner draws a small amount of power in its standby mode. If the system is not to be used for some time after installation, shut off the circuit breaker to eliminate unnecessary power consumption.
- If the circuit breaker trips to shut off the power to the air conditioner, the system will restore the original operation mode when the circuit breaker is opened again.

## 3. Test items

Test item	Symptom	Check
Indoor and outdoor units are installed properly on solid bases.	Fall, vibration, noise	
No refrigerant gas leaks.	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Refrigerant gas and liquid pipes and indoor drain hose extension are thermally insulated.	Water leakage	
Draining line is properly installed.	Water leakage	
System is properly grounded.	Electrical leakage	
The electric wires are connected correctly.	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
The specified wires are used for inter-unit wiring.	No operation or burn damage	
Indoor or outdoor unit's air inlet or air outlet are unobstructed.	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
Stop valves are opened.	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
The wiring and piping marks for each indoor unit (room A, room B, room C, and room D) match.	Incomplete cooling/heating function	
The priority room setting is set for only 1 room.	The priority room setting will not function.	

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